# SAFETY DATA SHEET



# 1. Identification of the substance/preparation and company/undertaking

Product name Castrol Foam Air Filter Cleaner

SDS no. 453802 Use of the Cleaner.

substance/preparation For specific application advice see appropriate Technical Data Sheet or consult our company

representative.

Supplier Castrol (UK) Ltd

Wakefield House Pipers Way Swindon

Wiltshire SN3 1RE

**EMERGENCY TELEPHONE** 

NUMBER

Carechem: +44 (0) 208 762 8322 (24 hours)

E-mail address MSDSadvice@bp.com

#### 2. Hazards identification

This preparation is classified as dangerous according to Directive 1999/45/EC as amended and adapted.

Physical/chemical hazards Highly flammable.

Human health hazards Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed. Irritating to skin. Vapours may cause drowsiness and

dizziness.

Environmental hazards Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

See sections 11 and 12 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms and environmental hazards.

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Highly refined base oil (IP 346 DMSO extract < 3%). Proprietary performance additives.

Chemical name	CAS no.	%	EINECS / ELINCS.	Classification	
Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha	64742-49-0	50 - 100	265-151-9	F; R11 Xn; R65 Xi; R38 R67 N: R51/53	[1]
Propan-2-ol	67-63-0	10 - 20	200-661-7	F; R11 Xi; R36 R67	[1]

See section 16 for the full text of the R-phrases declared above

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[3] PBT-substance

[4] vPvB-substance

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in section 8.

### 4. First-aid measures

Eye contact In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical

attention if irritation occurs.

Skin contact In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing

contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Get medical attention immediately.

Inhalation If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give

oxygen. Get medical attention.

Ingestion If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Aspiration

hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Get medical attention.

Notes to physician Treatment should in general be symptomatic and directed to relieving any effects.

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# 5. Fire-fighting measures

**Extinguishing media** 

Suitable In case of fire, use foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide extinguisher or spray.

Not suitable Do not use water jet

**Hazardous decomposition** 

products

Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide

Unusual fire/explosion hazards

Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Vapour may cause flash fire. Vapours may accumulate in low or

confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Runoff to sewer

may create fire or explosion hazard.

Special fire-fighting

procedures

DO NOT FIGHT FIRE WHEN IT REACHES MATERIAL. Withdraw from fire and let it burn. Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. First move

people out of line-of-sight of the scene and away from windows.

Protection of fire-fighters Fire-fighters should wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full turnout

gear.

#### 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding

areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate.

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8).

Environmental precautions Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the

relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

Large spill Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent

entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see

section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.

Small spill Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Absorb with an inert material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

### 7. Handling and storage

**Handling** Wash thoroughly after handling.

Storage Storage Store in a segregated and approved area. Keep container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Keep container

tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).

Not suitable Prolonged exposure to elevated temperature.

#### 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient name Occupational exposure limits

Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha

EH40 (United Kingdom (UK)).

TWA: 1200 mg/m³ 8 hour(s).

Propan-2-ol EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK)).

STEL: 1250 mg/m³ 15 minute(s). Issued/Revised: 1/1997

STEL: 1230 fig/fil 13 fillinte(s). Issued/Revised: 1/1997 STEL: 500 ppm 15 minute(s). Issued/Revised: 1/1997 TWA: 999 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). Issued/Revised: 1/1997 TWA: 400 ppm 8 hour(s). Issued/Revised: 1/1997

**ACGIH TLVs** 

Propan-2-ol ACGIH TLV (United States).

STEL: 400 ppm 15 minute(s). Issued/Revised: 1/2003 TWA: 200 ppm 8 hour(s). Issued/Revised: 1/2003

For information and guidance, the ACGIH values are included. For further information on these please consult your supplier.

Whilst specific OELs for certain components may be shown in this section, other components may be present in any mist, vapour or dust produced. Therefore, the specific OELs may not be applicable to the product as a whole and are provided for guidance only.

**Exposure controls** 

Occupational exposure controls

Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapours below their respective occupational exposure limits.

All chemicals should be assessed for their risks to health and appropriate control measures put in place to prevent or adequately control exposure. A hierarchy of control measures exists (e.g. elimination, substitution, general ventilation, containment, systems of work, changing the process or activity) that must be considered before use of personal protective equipment. Personal protective equipment should conform to appropriate standards, be suitable for use, be kept in good condition and properly maintained. Your supplier of personal protective equipment should be consulted for advice on selection and appropriate standards. For further information contact your national organisation for standards.

The final choice of protective equipment will depend upon a risk assessment. It is important to ensure that all items of personal protective equipment are compatible.

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Hygiene measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Personal protective equipment

**Respiratory protection** 

Respiratory protective equipment is not normally required where there is adequate natural or local exhaust

ventilation to control exposure.

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.

Respiratory protective equipment must be checked to ensure it fits correctly each time it is worn.

Air-filtering respirators, also called air-purifying respirators, will not be adequate under conditions of oxygen deficiency (i.e. low oxygen concentration), and would not be considered suitable where airborne concentrations of chemicals with a significant hazard are present. In these cases air-supplied breathing apparatus will be required.

Provided an air-filtering/air-purifying respirator is suitable, a filter for particulates can be used for mist or fume. Use filter type P or comparable standard. A combination filter for particles and organic gases and vapours (boiling point >65°C) may be required if vapour or abnormal odour is also present due to high

product temperature. Use filter type AP or comparable standard.

Hand protection Wear protective gloves if prolonged or repeated contact is likely. Wear chemical resistant gloves.

Recommended: nitrile gloves

Protective gloves will deteriorate over time due to physical and chemical damage. Inspect and replace gloves on a regular basis. The frequency of replacement will depend upon the circumstances of use.

**Eye protection** Safety glasses with side shields.

**Skin and body**Use of protective clothing is good industrial practice.

Cotton or polyester/cotton overalls will only provide protection against light superficial contamination that will not soak through to the skin. Overalls should be laundered on a regular basis. When the risk of skin exposure is high (e.g. when cleaning up spillages or if there is a risk of splashing) then chemical resistant aprons and/or impervious chemical suits and boots will be required.

### 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### **General information**

**Appearance** 

Physical state Liquid.

Colour Colourless.

Odour Characteristic.

Important health, safety and environmental information

Flash point Closed cup: 1°C (33.8°F)
Explosion limits Lower: 0.8%

Upper: 12%

Viscosity Kinematic: <7 mm²/s (<7 cSt) at 40°C

Boiling point / range 82°C (179.6°F)

**Density** 730 kg/m³ (0.73 g/cm³) at 20°C

**Solubility** insoluble in water.

#### 10. Stability and reactivity

**Stability** The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill,

grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheet. Do not swallow.

Materials to avoid Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials, acids and alkalis.

Hazardous decomposition Combustion products may include the following:

products

carbon ovides

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# 11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity Unlikely to cause more than transient stinging or redness if accidental eye contact occurs.

Causes skin irritation.

Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage.

Exposure to high concentrations can cause dizziness, lightheadedness, headache, nausea and blurred vision. Higher levels may cause unconsciousness.

May be harmful by inhalation if exposure to vapour, mists or fumes resulting from thermal decomposition products occurs.

### **Chronic toxicity**

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**Chronic effects** No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Effects and symptoms** 

Eyes No significant health hazards identified.

Skin Causes skin irritation.

Inhalation Harmful if inhaled.

Ingestion Aspiration hazard if swallowed -- harmful or fatal if liquid is aspirated into lungs.

## 12 . Ecological information

Persistence/degradability Inherently biodegradable

**Mobility** Spillages may penetrate the soil causing ground water contamination.

Bioaccumulative potential This product is not expected to bioaccumulate through food chains in the environment.

Environmental hazards Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Other ecological information Spills may form a film on water surfaces causing physical damage to organisms. Oxygen transfer could

also be impaired.

### 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal considerations / The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way.

Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Avoid dispersal of

spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

**Unused product** 

European waste catalogue 07 03 04\* other organic solvents, washing liquids and mother liquors

(EWC) However, deviation from the intended use and/or the presence of any potential contaminants may require

an alternative waste disposal code to be assigned by the end user.

## 14. Transport information

#### International transport regulations

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Class	PG*	Label	Additional information
ADR/RID Classification	UN 1993	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Propan-2-ol)	3	II		Hazard identification number 33
ADNR Classification	UN 1993	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Propan-2-ol)	3	II		-
IMDG Classification	UN 1993	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Propan- 2-ol). Marine pollutant (Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha)	3	II		Marine pollutant
ICAO/IATA Classification	UN 1993	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Propan-2-ol)	3	II	<b>A</b>	-

PG\*: Packing group

UK Emergency Action Code: 3YE
ADR/RID Classification code: F1
ADNR Classification code: F1

### 15. Regulatory information

Classification and labelling have been performed according to EU directives 1999/45/EC and 67/548/EEC as amended and adapted.

**Label requirements** 

Hazard symbol or symbols







Indication of danger

Highly flammable

Harmful

Dangerous for the environment

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Risk phrases R11- Highly flammable.

R65- Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.

R38- Irritating to skin.

R67- Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

R51/53- Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Safety phrases S2- Keep out of the reach of children.

S46- If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. S61- Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheet.

Child protection Yes, applicable.

Tactile warning of danger Yes, applicable.

Other regulations

**Europe inventory** All components are listed or exempted. **United States inventory** All components are listed or exempted.

(TSCA 8b)

Australia inventory (AICS)

Canada inventory

China inventory (IECSC)

Japan inventory (ENCS)

Korea inventory (KECI)

Philippines inventory

All components are listed or exempted.

#### 16. Other information

Full text of R-phrases referred

R11- Highly flammable.

to in sections 2 and 3 R65- Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.

R36- Irritating to eyes. R38- Irritating to skin.

R67- Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

R51/53- Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

**History** 

Date of issue/ Date of

revision

28/04/2009.

Date of previous issue 24/04/2009.

Prepared by Product Stewardship Group

Notice to reader

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

All reasonably practicable steps have been taken to ensure this data sheet and the health, safety and environmental information contained in it is accurate as of the date specified below. No warranty or representation, express or implied is made as to the accuracy or completeness of the data and information in this data sheet.

The data and advice given apply when the product is sold for the stated application or applications. You should not use the product other than for the stated application or applications without seeking advice from us.

It is the user's obligation to evaluate and use this product safely and to comply with all applicable laws and regulations. The BP Group shall not be responsible for any damage or injury resulting from use, other than the stated product use of the material, from any failure to adhere to recommendations, or from any hazards inherent in the nature of the material. Purchasers of the product for supply to a third party for use at work, have a duty to take all necessary steps to ensure that any person handling or using the product is provided with the information in this sheet. Employers have a duty to tell employees and others who may be affected of any hazards described in this sheet and of any precautions that should be taken.

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