



General

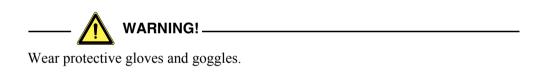
General

Applies to gearboxes GR801, GR900, GRS890, GRS900 and GRS920.

Safety



- Never work under a vehicle supported by jacks only. Use axle stands.
- Empty the air bellows if applicable.
- Never alter the height between the frame and the axles, e.g. by filling the air bellows, when the truck is supported on stands.







Tools

Tools

Examples of suitable tools from Scania:

Part number	Designation
98 401	V block
98 405-1	Fixture beam
98 405-2	Fixture bracket
99 044	Rear gearbox support
99 301	Adapter
99 302	Tips for retaining ring pliers 587 585
99 309	Turning tool
99 318	Engine support

Work description

The work description is general and applies to all versions of the manual gearbox.

The work description is based on a manual gearbox with retarder. There are minor differences in working methods between the different versions depending on whether the gearbox is combined with:

- Torque converter
- All-wheel drive
- Opticruise
- Power take-off EK 630/640
- or if the gearbox does not have a retarder

The extent to which any extra equipment such as power take-off, torsion damper, etc. have to be removed, has to be determined from case to case.

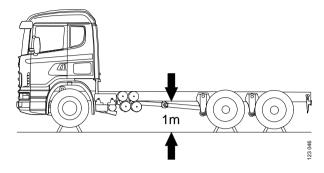




Work description

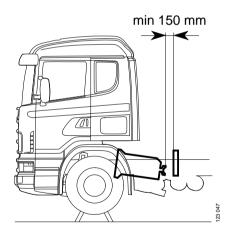
Note:

Minimum height between chassis and floor in which to remove the gearbox is approx. 1 meter.



Note:

Minimum distance behind gearbox in which to remove it is approx. 150 mm.



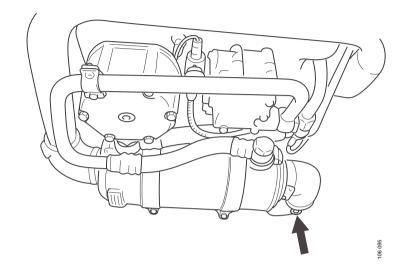




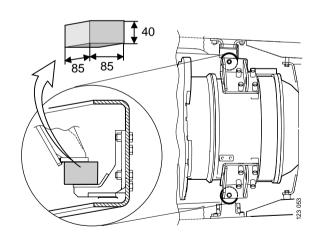
Work description

Gearbox with torque converter

• Drain the coolant from the torque converter by undoing the drain nipple on the illustration.



• The torque converter must be supported when the power train is raised, see illustration. Replace the rubber cushions on the torque converter with 85x85x40 mm wooden blocks when supporting.







Work description

Vehicles with all-wheel drive

- Remove the propeller shafts between the gearbox and transfer gearbox and between the transfer gearbox and front axle.
- Remove the underslung crossmember.
- Remove the hydraulic pipe to the cab tilt cylinder.



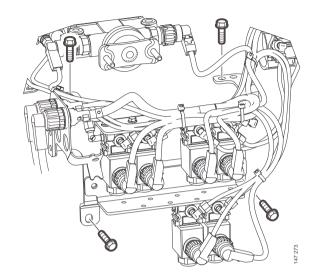


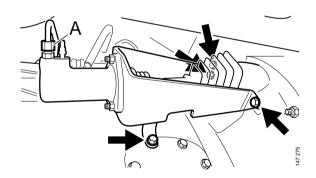
Work description

Gearbox with power take-off EK630/640

1. Detach and place the valve package to one side.

2. Undo connection A for the slave cylinder. Detach and remove the slave cylinder and its bracket.



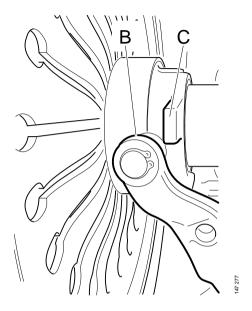






Work description

3. Make sure the bell crank pressure rollers B is free from the clutch release bearing lugs C when the gearbox is separated from the engine. The release bearing is not locked.



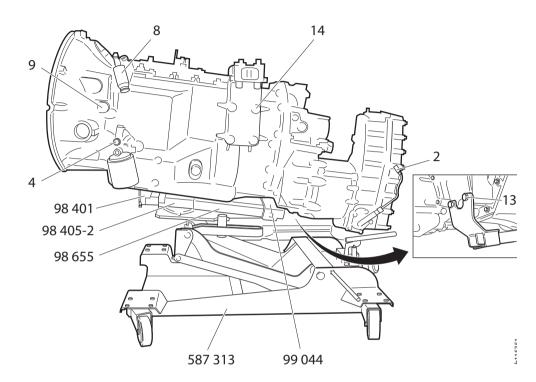




Work description

Removing

- 1. Drain the retarder
- 2. Drain the gearbox fluid
- 3. Undo the oil hoses (5)
- 4. Undo the pipe to the oil filter (4)
- 5. Remove the propeller shaft and exhaust pipe
- 6. Detach the air pipe between the solenoid valve and pressure limiting valve (1)
- 7. Detach the hose from the proportional valve (2)
- 8. Remove the cable to the speedometer sensor (3)
- 9. Detach the gear control (6)
- 10. Undo the torque rod (7)
- 11. Split the multi-pin connector (8)
- 12. Undo the clutch servo hose (9)
- 13. Remove the shock absorber (10)
- 14. Remove the accumulator
- 15. Support the engine
- 16. Attach the gearbox to the rear gearbox support (13)
- 17. Screw the vibration insulators up about 10 mm (12)
- 18. Raise the powertrain to relieve the pressure on the gearbox brackets
- 19. Undo the gearbox brackets (14)
- 20. Lower the powertrain
- 21. Remove the clutch housing nuts (11)
- 22. Undo the retaining ring on the clutch







Work description

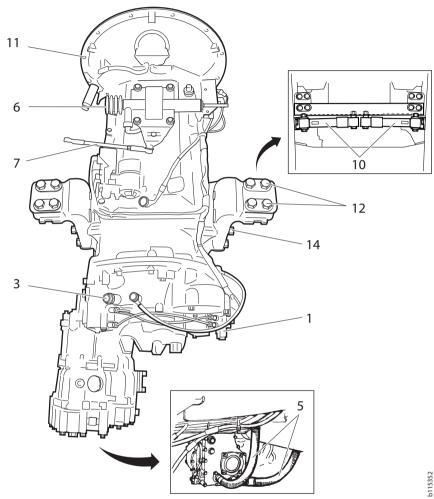
23. Remove the gearbox

Draining the retarder

Lower the air suspension to its lowest point.

Tilt the cab.

- 1. Drain the coolant using adapter 99 301 and coolant tank 588 450.
- 2. Drain the remaining coolant through drain plug 1 on the retarder left-hand coolant pipe by the clutch housing.
- 3. Drain the oil from the retarder oil cooler.







Work description

Support the engine

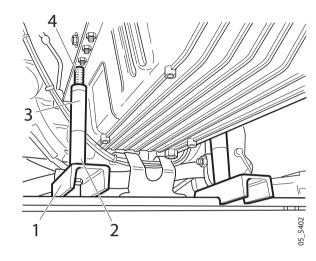
When working on removing and fitting a gearbox, the engine in the vehicle should be supported.



IMPORTANT!

Never alter the distance between the front axle beam and frame, e.g. by raising the air suspension. There is a risk that the engine will drop.

- 1. Secure engine support (1) 99 318 on the front axle beam. On vehicles with all-wheel drive a U-beam manufactured in-house must be used. Make sure that the protruding parts of the beam side pieces end up on the outside of the leaf springs.
- 2. Screw on the lowest spacing sleeve (2) f necessary. On vehicles with all-wheel drive the lower spacing sleeves should be used on both sides.
- 3. Unscrew two screws on the oil sump. Select the screws so that the intermediate sleeve ends up behind the centre of the front axle. On vehicles with all-wheel drive the two screws at the very back on the sides of the oil sump should be removed.
- 4. Adjust with intermediate sleeves (3) so that the threaded adjusting device pins can be fitted into the screw holes. On vehicles with all-wheel drive, the oil sump design means that on the right-hand side there is only room for the shortest intermediate sleeve and the adjusting device must be screwed out further. On the left-hand side there is room for a longer intermediate sleeve.
- 5. Adjust the position of the sleeves so that they are as straight as possible and tighten the nuts on the lowest spacing sleeve.
- 6. Screw up the adjusting device (4) so that the support bottoms against the oil sump.







Work description

Detach the clutch retaining ring

- 1. Pull the gearbox backwards 10-15 mm.
- 2. Plug the slave cylinder. Use plug 813 876 and union nut 812 888.
- 3. Carefully push the gearbox back towards the propeller shaft flange, so that the retaining ring is relieved of pressure.
- 4. Compress the retaining ring wire ends until the end of the slave cylinder is released from the diaphragm spring joint. Allow the pliers to remain in place. Use pliers 587 585 with tips 99 302. A cable tie may be used instead of the pliers to hold the wire ends of the retaining ring together.